

§ 1.817-1

	1959	1960	1961
Tax (sec. 802(b)(3) base)	3.00	0	0

Assume further that S has a loss from operations for the taxable year 1962 of \$25. Under the provisions of section 812, the \$25 loss from operations would be carried back to the taxable year 1959 and would reduce the 1959 tax base under section 802(b)(1) and (2) to \$35 (\$60 minus \$25). After adjustments reflecting the 1962 loss from operations, the results for the taxable years 1959 through the beginning of 1962 would be as follows:

	1959	1960	1961	1962
Taxable investment income	\$40.00	\$40.00	\$40.00	.....
Gain from operations ..	35.00	60.00	60.00	.....
Tax base (sec. 802(b)(1) and (2))	35.00	50.00	50.00	.....
Tax (sec. 802(b)(1) and (2) base)	10.50	15.00	15.00	.....
Shareholders surplus account—				
At beginning of year	0	24.50	19.50	\$14.50
Added for year (without regard to election under sec. 815(d)(1))	24.50	35.00	35.00	.....
Added by reason of election under sec. 815(d)(1)	0	0	0	.....
Subtracted (distributions)	0	40.00	40.00	.....
Policyholders surplus account—				
At beginning of year	0	0	10.00	20.00
Added for year	0	10.00	10.00	.....
Subtracted (distributions)	0	0	0	.....
Subtracted (by reason of election under sec. 815(d)(1))	0	0	0	.....
Tax base (sec. 802(b)(3))	0	0	0	.....
Tax (sec. 802(b)(3) base)	0	0	0	.....

As a result of the loss from operations for 1962, the election under section 815(d)(1) for the taxable year 1959 has become inapplicable in its entirety since the balance in the policyholders surplus account at the end of 1959, as recomputed, is zero. Thus, S would be entitled to a total refund of \$7.50 for the taxable year 1959. Of this amount, \$4.50 is due to the recomputation of the section 802(b)(1) and (2) tax base and \$3 to the amount of tax paid by reason of the election under section 815(d)(1).

[T.D. 6535, 26 FR 545, Jan. 20, 1961]

26 CFR Ch. I (4-1-98 Edition)

MISCELLANEOUS PROVISIONS

§ 1.817-1 Taxable years affected.

Except as otherwise provided therein, §§ 1.817-2 through 1.817-4 are applicable only to taxable years beginning after December 31, 1957, and all references to sections of part I, subchapter L, chapter 1 of the Code are to the Internal Revenue Code of 1954, as amended by the Life Insurance Company Income Tax Act of 1959 (73 Stat. 112) and section 3 of the Act of October 23, 1962 (76 Stat. 1134).

[T.D. 6886, 31 FR 8689, June 23, 1966]

§ 1.817-2 Treatment of capital gains and losses.

(a) *In general.* For taxable years beginning after December 31, 1958, and before January 1, 1962, if the net long-term capital gain (as defined in section 1222(7)) of any life insurance company exceeds its net short-term capital loss (as defined in section 1222(6)), section 802(a)(2) prior to its amendment by section 3 of the Act of October 23, 1962 (76 Stat. 1134), imposes a separate tax equal to 25 percent of such excess. For taxable years beginning after December 31, 1961, if the net long-term capital gain of any life insurance company exceeds its net short-term capital loss, section 802(a)(2) imposes an alternative tax in lieu of the tax imposed by section 802(a)(1), if and only if such alternative tax is less than the tax imposed by section 802(a)(1). Except as modified by section 817 (rules relating to certain gains and losses), the general rules of the Code relating to gains and losses, such as subchapter O (relating to gain or loss on disposition of property), subchapter P (relating to capital gains and losses), etc., shall apply with respect to life insurance companies.

(b) *Modification of section 1221 and 1231.* (1) In the case of a life insurance company, section 817(a)(1) provides that for purposes of applying section 1231(a) (relating to property used in the trade or business and involuntary conversions), the term *property used in the trade or business* shall be treated as including only: